# GENERAL INFORMATION

# A1. Address Information

Name of College or University Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country Main Phone Number Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology 5500 Wabash Ave., Terre Haute, IN 47803 (812) 877-1511

# B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE (Fall Enrollment Snapshot 2018)

B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the	
institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2018. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" i	n
the graduate cells.	

FULL-TIME PART-TIME

U n d e

**B2.** Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2018. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)
Nonresident aliens	81	312
Hispanic/Latino	24	98
Black or African American, non- Hispanic	21	64
White, non-Hispanic	312	1361
American Indian or Alaska Native, non- Hispanic		2
Asian, non-Hispanic	30	116
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic		2
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	20	94
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	11	24
Total	499	2073

#### Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2017, to June 30, 2018.

Bachelor's degrees 502

Master's degrees 43

## **Graduation Rates**

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS Forms and Instructions for the 2017-18 Survey.

In the following section for bachelor's or equivalent programs, please disaggregate the Fall 2011 and Fall 2012 cohorts (formerly CDS B4-B11) into four groups:

Students who received a Federal Pell Grant\*

Recipients of a subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan Total (all students, regardless of Pell Grant or subsidized loan status)

For each graduation rate grid below, the numbers in the first three columns for Questions A-G should sum to the cohort total in the fourth column (formerly CDS B4-B11).

<sup>\*</sup>Students who received both a Federal Pell Grant and a subsidized Stafford Loan should be reported in the "Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant" column.

# For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2012 cohort if available. If Fall 2012 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2011 cohort.

Fall 2012 Cohort

	Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
A - Initial 2012 cohort of first-time, full- time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree- seeking undergraduate students	107	235	279	621 (formerly B4)
B - Of the initial 2012 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions	-	1	1	2 (formerly B5)
C - Final 2012 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	107	234	278	619 (formerly B6)
D - Of the initial 2012 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2016)	74	164	179	417 (formerly B7)

E - Of the initial 2012 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug.

 $<sup>31,2016 \</sup> and \ br \ 31.8b \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ )) Tj/Cs6 \ cs \ .50196 \ 0 \ 0 \ 2 \ g-9.69472.0037 \ TD.0036(n55.0644 \ Tw5(er \ 35(er \ rt \ ntl)23)) -5.6( \ ) TJ0 \ g24.74 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7left) \ ) TJ0 \ gas (a) \ (ll \ 2015(7le$ 

# For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2012 cohort if available. If Fall 2012 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2011 cohort.

# Fall 2011 Cohort

Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not

# C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION (Fall Cohort 2018)

# **Applications**

C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2018. Include early decision, early action, and students who began stu

**C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended.** Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units		
English	4	
Mathematics	4	5
Science	3	4
Of these, units that must be lab	3	
Foreign language		
Social studies	2	
History		
Academic electives	4	
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		
Other (specify)		

## **Basis for Selection**

**C6.** Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies: **No** 

# **SAT and ACT Policies**

4	CQ.	Entrance	ovome
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	our institution make use of SAT $_{ m ng}$ applicants? $\square$ Yes $\square$ No		AT Subject Test	scores in admiss	ion decisions for	r first-time, firs	st-year, degree-
If yes, pla	ce check marks in the appropriat	e boxes belo	ow to reflect you	r institution's pol	licies for use in a	admission for	
1411 2020	•	Require	Recommend	ADMISSION Require for Some	Consider If Submitted	Not Used	
SAT	or ACT	$\boxtimes$					
ACT	Conly						
SAT	only						
SAT	and SAT Subject Tests or ACT						
SAT	Subject Tests						
	institution will make use of the asse indicate which ONE of the fol	llowing appl					
	ACT with writing required			T with Essay com			
	ACT with writing recomm			Γ with ESSAY co			
	X ACT with or without writing	ng accepted	X SAT	with or without	ESSAY compon	ent accepted	

# Freshman Profile

Provide information for

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-ti

C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)	
On a rolling basis beginning (date): By (date): December 15 (early action) Other: March 15 (regular decision)	
C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill in one only)	
Must reply by (date): May 1  No set date:  Must reply by May 1 or within weeks if notified thereafter  Other:	
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): N/A Amount of housing deposit: Refundable if student does not enroll? Yes, in full Yes, in part No	
C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after	er admission?
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation?	
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS. (Initiated during 2006-2007 cyc	ele)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans	
C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan on notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and the accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment?   Yes	at asks students to commit to attending if
C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notifi	ed of an admission decision well in

# D. TRANSFER ADMISSION

Fall	Αı	ml	ica	nts
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D1.	Does your institution enroll transfer students?   Yes No (If no, please skip to Section E)
	If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other

collegesR-8.3(r)-.7(edi)4(t)4(s)1.5(ea)8.3(rne)8.3(d)-1.4()6(fr)5.3(om)13(course)8.3()6(wo)4.6(rk)4.6(c)8.3(o)-1.4(5d)-1.4()3(opitie46)

**D9.** List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	<b>Notification Date</b>	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall					X
Winter					
Spring					
Summer					

<b>D10.</b> Does an open admission	policy, if reported,	apply to transfer students?	Yes	No No

**D11**. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:

Students must have a semester of calculus, as well as calculus based physics and chemistry.

# **Transfer Credit Policies**

- **D12.** Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit: C/2.0
- **D13.** Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution:

Number 90 Unit type Credits

D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:

Number 90 Unit type Credits

D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree: N/A

**D16.** Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: 45

**D17.** Describe other transfer credit policies:

Credits to be transferred are reviewed by each department and the final decision to award credit is up to them (the departments).

# E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES

E1. Special study options: Identify those pr	rograms available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.
Accelerated program	

# Common Data Set 2018-2019 F2. Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.

Literary magazine

 $\boxtimes$ 

☐ Campus Ministries

# G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$1,500	\$1,500	\$1,500
Room only:			\$8,988
Board only:		\$900	\$5,778
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home):			
Transportation:			
Other expenses:	\$1,560	\$1,560	\$4,390

# **G6.** Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	\$1,361
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	
In-state (out-of-district):	
Out-of-state:	
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	

## H. FINANCIAL AID

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:** Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and **should** be included.

**Institutional scholarships and grants**: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

**Need-based aid:** College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid:

## Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2017-2018 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2017-2018 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid column. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for <b>items H1</b> , <b>H2</b> , <b>H2A</b> , and <b>H6</b> below:
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3 X Federal methodology (FM)

**H2.** Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

		First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad (Incl. Fresh)	Less Than Full-time Undergrad
a)	Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2018 cohort)	499	2052	21
b)	Number of students in line <b>a</b> who applied for need-based financial aid	379	1354	7
c)	Number of students in line <b>b</b> who were determined to have financial need	294	1157	6
d)	Number of students in line <b>c</b> who were awarded any financial aid	294	1154	6
e)	Number of students in line $\mathbf{d}$ who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	292	1149	6
f)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	224	903	4
g)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	200	853	0
h)	Number of students in line <b>d</b> whose need was fully met ( <u>exclude PLUS loans</u> , <u>unsubsidized loans</u> , and private alternative loans)	55	181	2
i)	On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	65%	62%	57%

# **Types of Aid Available**

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

# H12. Loans

$\boxtimes$	FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans Direct PLUS Loans
	Federal Perkins Loans Federal Nursing Loans State Loans College/university loans from institutional funds Other (specify):
<b>H13.</b> Scl	nolarships and Grants
	NEED-BASED: Federal Pell SEOG State scholarships/grants Private scholarships College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds United]TJETg Tmr ooe4. 1idFd

# I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2018. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	192	9	201
b.) Total number who are members of minority groups	30	1	31
c.) Total number who are women	46	6	52
d.) Total number who are men	146	3	149
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	4	1	5
f.) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	189	5	194
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	2	3	5
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	1	1	2
<ul> <li>i.) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)</li> </ul>	0	0	0
j.) Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	0	0	0

# I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2018 ratio of full-time equivalent students (fu

#### I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2018 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2018. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

#### Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)							
2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100 +	Total

# J. Disciplinary areas of DEGREES CONFERRED

## Degrees conferred between July 1, 2017 and June 30, 2018

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2<sup>nd</sup> major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1<sup>st</sup> majors only.

Category	Bachelor's	CIP 2010 Categories to Include
Agriculture		1
Natural resources and conservation		3
Architecture		4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies		5
Communication/journalism		9
Communication technologies		10
Computer and information sciences	13.0%	11
Personal and culinary services		12
Education		13

Engineering

**Differs by program (calendar system):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Distance learning:** An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

**Doctor's degree-research/scholarship**: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

**Doctor's degree-professional practice**: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

**Doctor's degree-other**: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

**Double major:** Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

**Dual enrollment:** A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

**Early action plan:** An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

**Early admission:** A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

**Early decision plan:** A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

**English as a Second Language (ESL):** A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

**Exchange student program-domestic:** Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college **in the United States** without extending the amount of time required for a degree. **See also Study abroad**.

**External degree program:** A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

**Extracurricular activities (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college

**First-time student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

**First-time, first-year (freshman) student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

**First-year student:** A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

**Freshman:** A first-year undergraduate student.

\*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

**Full-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

**Geographical residence (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

**Grade-point average (academic high school GPA):** The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B,

**Liberal arts/career combination:** Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

**Master's degree**: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

**Minority affiliation (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

\*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

**Model United Nations:** A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or te e-4.4(224868 0 35(g)

**Private institution:** An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

**Private for-profit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

**Private nonprofit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affi

\*Summer session:

# **Financial Aid Definitions**

**External scholarships and grants:** Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

**Financial aid applicant:** Any applicant who submits **any one of** the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

**Indebtedness:**